

SOLO
B $\flat$ CORNET.
(Conductor.)

Chimes of Normandy.

SELECTION.

Price 1.00
PLANQUETTE.
arr. by J.B. Claus.

Allegretto.
Dr. *p* *f* *p* *p* *ff*

Modto Barcarolle.
Cl. *mf* *rall.* *p* *pp* *p* *rall.*
Alto. *p*

1st. B $\flat$ Cor. *p* *rall.* **Allo modto.** *p* *Picc.*

Valse. Cl. & Alto. *fz* *mf* *ff*
Modto sostto. *p* *B $\flat$ Cor.*

espress. *mf* *f* **Allegretto.** *rall.*
ff *p 2d. time f* **Piu vivace.** *ff*

ff *ff* *ff*

PICCOLO.

Chimes of Normandy.

Allegretto.

SELECTION.

PLANQUETTE.

The first section of the score is written for a piccolo in 2/4 time. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a tempo marking of 'Allegretto'. The music consists of a single melodic line with various dynamics including *f*, *p*, and *ff*. There are several repeat signs and a final double bar line.

Mod^{to} Baccarolle.

The second section is in 6/8 time and marked 'Mod^{to} Baccarolle'. It features a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a tempo marking of 'mod^{to}'. The music includes dynamics such as *mf*, *p*, and *rall.*. It contains repeat signs and a final double bar line.

All^o mod^{to}

The third section is in 2/4 time and marked 'All^o mod^{to}'. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a tempo marking of 'All^o mod^{to}'. The music includes dynamics such as *pp* and *rall.*. It contains repeat signs and a final double bar line.

The fourth section is in 3/4 time and marked 'Valse.'. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a tempo marking of 'Valse.'. The music includes dynamics such as *p* and *ff*. It contains repeat signs and a final double bar line.

Mod^{to} sost^{to}

The fifth section is in 3/4 time and marked 'Mod^{to} sost^{to}'. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a tempo marking of 'Mod^{to} sost^{to}'. The music includes dynamics such as *p* and *rall.*. It contains repeat signs and a final double bar line.

Allegretto.

The sixth section is in 2/4 time and marked 'Allegretto.'. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a tempo marking of 'Allegretto.'. The music includes dynamics such as *f*, *2d. time f*, and *ff*. It contains repeat signs and a final double bar line.

The seventh section is in 2/4 time and marked 'Piu vivace.'. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a tempo marking of 'Piu vivace.'. The music includes dynamics such as *ff*. It contains repeat signs and a final double bar line.

E♭ CLARINET. **Chimes of Normandy.** *SELECTION.* **PLANQUETTE.**
Allegretto.

p *f* *ff*

Modto Barcarolle. Solo

p *p rall.* *pp*

rall. *p*

Valse.

mf *ff*

Modto sosto

p *p* *ff*

rall. *mf espress.* *Allegretto.*

2d. time *f* *2 ff*

Piu vivace. *ff*

1st. B $\flat$ CLARINET. Chimes of Normandy.

SELECTION.

PLANQUETTE.

Allegretto.

Mod^{to} Barcarolle.

All^o mod^{to}.

Valse.

Mod^{to} sosto.

Allegretto.

2d. B $\flat$ CLARINET.

Chimes of Normandy.

SELECTION.

PLANQUETTE.

Allegretto.

p cresc. f p ff

Mod^{to} Barcarolle.

mf pp p rall. pp p rall.

All^o mod^{to}.

p p rall. p

Valse.

f mf ff

Mod^{to} sosto.

p rall. p

Allegretto.

ff ff

Piu vivace.

ff

1. 2.

E♭ CORNET.

Chimes of Normandy.

SELECTION.

PLANQUETTE.

Allegretto.
Dr. < *f* *p* *p* *ff*

Mod^{to} Barcarolle. *Alto.*
mf *pp* *p* *rall.* *p* E♭ Cl. *rall.* *Allo^o mod^{to}.* *Picc.* *rall.*

Valse.
fz *mf* *ff*

Mod^{to} sostto. *p* B♭ Cor. *rall.*

Allegretto. *mf espress.* *f* *ff* *p 2d. time f*

Piu vivace. *ff* *ff* *ff* 660-9 *ff* W.H. Cundy; Boston, Mass. *ff*

1st. B $\flat$ CORNET.

Chimes of Normandy.

SELECTION.

PLANQUETTE.

Allegretto.

The first section of the music is in 2/4 time. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The notation includes various dynamics: *p* (piano), *f* (forte), and *ff* (fortissimo). There are also accents and slurs throughout the piece. The first staff has a *p* dynamic, followed by a *f* dynamic, and then a *p* dynamic. The second staff has a *ff* dynamic. The third staff has a *ff* dynamic.

Mod^{to} Barcarolle.

The second section is in 6/8 time. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The notation includes various dynamics: *p* (piano), *rall.* (rallentando), and *p* (piano). There are also accents and slurs throughout the piece. The first staff has a *p* dynamic. The second staff has a *rall.* dynamic. The third staff has a *p* dynamic. The fourth staff has a *p* dynamic. The fifth staff has a *p* dynamic. The sixth staff has a *p* dynamic.

All^o mod^{to}.

The third section is in 3/4 time. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The notation includes various dynamics: *fz* (forzando) and *ff* (fortissimo). There are also accents and slurs throughout the piece. The first staff has a *fz* dynamic. The second staff has a *ff* dynamic.

Valse. 16

The fourth section is in 3/4 time. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The notation includes various dynamics: *p* (piano), *pp* (pianissimo), and *ff* (fortissimo). There are also accents and slurs throughout the piece. The first staff has a *p* dynamic. The second staff has a *pp* dynamic. The third staff has a *ff* dynamic.

Mod^{to} sost^{to}.

The fifth section is in 2/4 time. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The notation includes various dynamics: *p* (piano), *pp* (pianissimo), and *ff* (fortissimo). There are also accents and slurs throughout the piece. The first staff has a *p* dynamic. The second staff has a *pp* dynamic. The third staff has a *ff* dynamic.

Allegretto.

The sixth section is in 2/4 time. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The notation includes various dynamics: *p* (piano), *pp* (pianissimo), and *ff* (fortissimo). There are also accents and slurs throughout the piece. The first staff has a *p* dynamic. The second staff has a *pp* dynamic. The third staff has a *ff* dynamic.

Piu vivace.

2d. B♭ CORNET.

Allegretto.

PLANQUETTE.

The image shows a page of musical notation, likely for a piano piece. It features multiple staves of music, each with various musical notations including notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The notation is in a standard musical staff format with a treble clef. The music is written in a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a 4/4 time signature. The piece is titled "Modto Barcarolle. Cl." and is marked "Alto modto." and "Piu vivace." The notation includes various dynamic markings such as *ff*, *p*, *pp*, *fz*, and *ff*. There are also tempo markings like "Modto", "Allegretto", and "Piu vivace". The piece is divided into sections, with measures numbered 1 through 17. The notation is complex, with many notes and rests, and includes some unusual markings like "p 2d. time f" and "p 2d. time f".

Chimes of Normandy.

SELECTION.

3d. B $\flat$ CORNET.

Allegretto.

PLANQUETTE.

3 4 p ff

Mod^{to} Barcarolle. Cl.

11 pp rall.

All^o mod^{to}.

Valse. 17

11 p ff

Mod^{to} sosto. ff

1 p ff

Alto.

Allegretto.

4 pp ff

p 2d. time f ff

Piu vivace.

ff ff

W.H. Cundy; Boston, Mass.

1st. & 2d. Eb ALTOS.

Chimes of Normandy.

SELECTION.

PLANQUETTE.

Allegretto.

f p ff

Mod^{to} Barcarolle.

p pp mf rall.

Valse.

p ff

Mod^{to} sost^{to}

p mf pp ff

3d. Eb ALTO.

Chimes of Normandy.

Allegretto.

SELECTION.

PLANQUETTE.

Musical notation for the first section of 'Chimes of Normandy'. It consists of three staves of music in 2/4 time. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (Bb). The music features a variety of note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, with rests. Dynamic markings include *f* (forte), *p* (piano), and *ff* (fortissimo). The section concludes with a repeat sign.

Modto Barcarolle.

Musical notation for the second section of 'Chimes of Normandy', titled 'Modto Barcarolle'. It consists of three staves of music in 6/8 time. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The music is characterized by a slower, more lyrical feel. Dynamic markings include *p* (piano) and *ff* (fortissimo). The section concludes with a repeat sign.

Allo modto.

Musical notation for the third section of 'Chimes of Normandy', titled 'Valse. ad lib.'. It consists of three staves of music in 3/4 time. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The music is in a waltz style. Dynamic markings include *p* (piano) and *ff* (fortissimo). The section concludes with a repeat sign.

Modto sotto.

Musical notation for the fourth section of 'Chimes of Normandy', titled 'Modto sotto.'. It consists of two staves of music in 3/4 time. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The music is in a slow, somber mood. Dynamic markings include *p* (piano) and *pp* (pianissimo). The section concludes with a repeat sign.

Allegretto.

Musical notation for the fifth section of 'Chimes of Normandy', titled 'Allegretto.'. It consists of three staves of music in 2/4 time. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The music is in a lively, cheerful mood. Dynamic markings include *ff* (fortissimo) and *p* (piano). The section concludes with a repeat sign.

1st. B $\flat$ TENOR. 

Chimes of Normandy.

SELECTION.

PLANQUETTE.

Allegretto. *Alto.* *f*

pp *ff* *Modto Barcarolle.* *4 Cl.* *pp*

rall. *p*

rall. *p*

Allo modto. *3* *2* *p*

rall. *p*

Valse. *3* *4* *p*

ff *Solo* *p*

Modto sosto. *3* *4*

Allegretto. *3* *8* *ff*

Piu vivace. *1* *ff* *ff*

ff *ff*

Chimes of Normandy.

SELECTION.

2d. B $\flat$ TENOR 
Allegretto ♩

PLANQUETTE.



The musical score is written for a Tenor (2d. B $\flat$) and a Planquette. It consists of several staves of music with various tempo and dynamic markings.

- Staff 1:** Tenor part, *Allegretto*, 2/4 time. Dynamics: *f*, *p*, *ff*.
- Staff 2:** Planquette part, *Mod to Barcarolle*, 4/4 time. Dynamics: *ff*.
- Staff 3:** Tenor part, *Allo modto*, 4/4 time. Dynamics: *p*.
- Staff 4:** Planquette part, *Valse*, 3/4 time. Dynamics: *f*, *p*.
- Staff 5:** Tenor part, *Mod to sosto*, 3/4 time. Dynamics: *ff*.
- Staff 6:** Planquette part, *Allegretto*, 3/4 time. Dynamics: *ff*.
- Staff 7:** Tenor part, *Piu vivace*, 2/4 time. Dynamics: *pp*, *f*, *ff*.
- Staff 8:** Planquette part, *Piu vivace*, 2/4 time. Dynamics: *ff*.

660-9

ff W.H. Cundy, Boston, Mass.

1st. TROMBONE.

Chimes of Normandy.

Allegretto.

SELECTION.

PLANQUETTE.

Alto.

f

pp

ff

Mod^{to} Barcarolle.

pp

rall.

p

rall.

p

All^o mod^{to}.

rall.

p

Valse.

fz

p

ff

Solo

p

Mod^{to} sosto.

p

rall.

ff

Allegretto.

p

rall.

ff

Più vivace.

ff

ff

2d. TROMBONE.

Allegretto.

SELECTION.

PLANQUETTE.

DANQUETT.
Wm. H. Cummings.

pp *f* *ff* *p* *f*₂ *ff* *pp* *ff*

Modto Barcarolle. *Modto sosto.* *rall.* *Valse.* *Allegretto.*

Fin vivace. ff

3d. TROMBONE
or B $\flat$ BASS.

Chimes of Normandy.

SELECTION.

PLANQUETTE.

Allegretto.

1 *f* 3 *p* 4 *pp*

ff

Mod^{to} Barcarolle. 4

p *rall.* *p*

All^{to} mod^{to}. 6

p *rall.* *p*

Valse. 1 *f* *p*

ff

1 *Modto sosto.* *p*

4 *p* *rall.* *p*

Allegretto. 2 *ff* *p* 2d. time *f*

1. 2. *Più vivace. ff*

1 *ff* *ff*

BARITONE

Chimes of Normandy.

SELECTION.

PLANQUETTE.

Allegretto.

First section of musical notation for 'Chimes of Normandy'. It consists of three staves of music in 2/4 time. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The music features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes, with dynamic markings of *f*, *p*, and *ff*. The section concludes with a double bar line.

Mod^{to} Barcarolle.

Second section of musical notation, marked 'Mod^{to} Barcarolle'. It consists of three staves of music in 6/8 time. The music is characterized by a slower, more lyrical feel with dynamic markings of *pp*, *p*, and *rall.*. The section ends with a double bar line.

All^o mod^{to}

Third section of musical notation, marked 'All^o mod^{to}'. It consists of two staves of music in 2/4 time. The tempo is moderate, with dynamic markings of *p* and *fz*. The section concludes with a double bar line.

Valse.

Fourth section of musical notation, marked 'Valse'. It consists of two staves of music in 3/4 time. The music has a waltz-like quality with dynamic markings of *p* and *ff*. The section ends with a double bar line.

Mod^{to} sosto

Fifth section of musical notation, marked 'Mod^{to} sosto'. It consists of two staves of music in 3/4 time. The tempo is slower, with dynamic markings of *p*, *rall.*, and *mf*. The section ends with a double bar line.

Tromb.

Sixth section of musical notation, marked 'Allegretto.'. It consists of two staves of music in 2/4 time. The tempo is moderate, with dynamic markings of *f* and *ff*. The section ends with a double bar line.

Allegretto.

Seventh section of musical notation, marked 'Piu vivace.'. It consists of two staves of music in 2/4 time. The tempo is lively, with dynamic markings of *f* and *ff*. The section ends with a double bar line.

BARITONE.

Chimes of Normandy.

SELECTION.

PLANQUETTE.

Allegretto.

Mod^{to} Barcarolle.

Valse.

BASSES.

Chimes of Normandy.

SELECTION.

PLANQUETTE.

Allegretto.

First section of musical notation for 'Chimes of Normandy'. It consists of three staves. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a 2/4 time signature. The tempo is marked 'Allegretto'. The first staff has a first ending bracket. Dynamics include *f* (forte), *p* (piano), and *ff* (fortissimo). The second and third staves continue the melody with various rests and notes.

Mod^{to} Barcarolle.

Second section of musical notation, marked 'Mod^{to} Barcarolle'. It consists of three staves. The first staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a 6/8 time signature. The tempo is marked 'Mod^{to} Barcarolle'. Dynamics include *pp* (pianissimo), *p* (piano), and *rall.* (rallentando). The second and third staves continue the melody with various rests and notes.

Valse.

Third section of musical notation, marked 'Valse'. It consists of three staves. The first staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a 3/4 time signature. The tempo is marked 'Valse'. Dynamics include *fz* (forzando) and *p* (piano). The second and third staves continue the melody with various rests and notes.

Mod^{to} sosto

Fourth section of musical notation, marked 'Mod^{to} sosto'. It consists of three staves. The first staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a 3/4 time signature. The tempo is marked 'Mod^{to} sosto'. Dynamics include *p* (piano). The second and third staves continue the melody with various rests and notes.

Allegretto.

Fifth section of musical notation, marked 'Allegretto'. It consists of three staves. The first staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a 2/4 time signature. The tempo is marked 'Allegretto'. Dynamics include *ff* (fortissimo). The second and third staves continue the melody with various rests and notes.

2d. time

Sixth section of musical notation, marked 'Piu vivace'. It consists of three staves. The first staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a 2/4 time signature. The tempo is marked 'Piu vivace'. Dynamics include *p* (piano), *ff* (fortissimo), and *ff* (fortissimo). The second and third staves continue the melody with various rests and notes.

DRUMS.

Chimes of Normandy.

SELECTION.

PLANQUETTE.

Allegretto. Trgl. *ff*

The first section of the score is in 3/4 time. It begins with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked 'Allegretto.' and the first measure is marked 'Trgl.' (trill). The dynamics range from 'p' (piano) to 'ff' (fortissimo). The notation includes various rhythmic values, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The section concludes with a 'rall.' (rallentando) marking.

Modto Barcarolle. *rall. pp*

The second section is in 6/8 time. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The tempo is marked 'Modto Barcarolle.' and the dynamics are 'rall. pp' (rallentando, pianissimo). The notation includes various rhythmic values, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The section concludes with a 'rall.' marking.

Allo modto. Trgl. *rall.*

The third section is in 2/4 time. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The tempo is marked 'Allo modto.' and the first measure is marked 'Trgl.' (trill). The dynamics range from 'p' to 'ff'. The notation includes various rhythmic values, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The section concludes with a 'rall.' marking.

Valse. *f*

The second section of the score is in 3/4 time. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The tempo is marked 'Valse.' and the dynamics range from 'f' (forte) to 'ff' (fortissimo). The notation includes various rhythmic values, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The section concludes with a 'rall.' marking.

Modto sosto. *rall.* *Allegretto.* Trgl. *ff*

The third section is in 3/4 time. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The tempo is marked 'Modto sosto.' and the dynamics are 'rall.' (rallentando). The notation includes various rhythmic values, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The section concludes with a 'rall.' marking.

Piu vivace. *ff*

The fourth section is in 2/4 time. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The tempo is marked 'Piu vivace.' and the dynamics range from 'f' to 'ff'. The notation includes various rhythmic values, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The section concludes with a 'rall.' marking.