

Full Band 50¢ Dedicated to H.P. Seavey, Ordinance Sergt., 2d Regt., I.N.G.

SOLO B^b CORNET. SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

A.F. Weldon.

Am. St. J.
1895.

The musical score is written for a Solo B^b Cornet and a Trio. The Solo part is in 6/8 time and features a variety of dynamics including *ff* (fortissimo), *mf* (mezzo-forte), *cres.* (crescendo), and *ff* again. It includes first and second endings. The Trio part is also in 6/8 time and starts with *ff* and *f* dynamics. The score is arranged in three systems. The first system contains the first two staves of the Solo part. The second system contains the next two staves of the Solo part. The third system contains the first two staves of the Trio part. The Solo part ends with a first and second ending. The Trio part ends with a first and second ending.

D.C.

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Db PICCOLO.

SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

A.F. Weldon.

Am. St. J'l.

1805.

The musical score is written for a Db Piccolo in 6/8 time. It begins with a key signature of one flat (Bb) and a common time signature of 6/8. The main melody is marked with dynamics such as *ff* (fortissimo), *mf* (mezzo-forte), and *cres.* (crescendo). The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and repeat signs. The Trio section is marked with *f* (forte) and features a change in the melody. The score concludes with a final cadence.

Carl Fischer, New York.

D.C.

OBOE.

SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

American Star
Journal.

A. F. Weldon.

1805.

The musical score is written for Oboe and Trio. The Oboe part is in the upper staff, and the Trio part is in the lower staff. Both parts are in 6/8 time and have a key signature of three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The Oboe part begins with a forte (ff) dynamic, followed by a mezzo-forte (mf) section, and then returns to forte (ff). The Trio part begins with a forte (ff) dynamic, followed by a piano (p) section, and then returns to forte (ff). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, beams, and dynamic markings. The Oboe part has a first ending (1) and a second ending (2) marked with brackets. The Trio part also has a first ending (1) and a second ending (2) marked with brackets. The score is written on a single system with two staves.

Carl Fischer. New York.

D. C.

SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

A. F. Weldon.

BASSOON.

1805. *ff* *mf* *ff* *mf cresc.* *ff* *ff*

1 2

Trio. *ff* *f*

1 2

44402-6 1/2

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D. C.

SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

E♭ CLARINET.

A. F. Weldon.

1805

ff *mf* *mf-cres.* *ff* *ff* *1* *2* *1* *2*

Trio *ff* *f* *ff* *1* *2*

1st B $\flat$ CLARINET. **SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.** **A.F. Weldon.**

1805.

ff *mf* *cres.* *ff*

Trio *ff* *f*

8

1 2

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D.C.

SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

A.F. Weldon.

2^d B♭ CLARINET.

1805.

ff *mf* *ff* *mf* *cres.* *ff*

1 2

Trio

ff *f*

1 2

Carl Fischer, New York.

D.C.

SOPRANO

SAXOPHONE.

SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

A. F. Weldon.

American Star
Journal.

1805.

1805. *ff* *mf* *ff* *mf* *cresc.* *ff*

The main musical score for the Soprano Saxophone is written on five staves. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and a time signature of 8/8. The first staff contains the first measure, marked *ff*. The second staff contains measures 2-4, with a *mf* marking at the start of measure 3. The third staff contains measures 5-7, with a *ff* marking at the start of measure 5 and a *mf* marking at the start of measure 6. The fourth staff contains measures 8-10, with a *cresc.* marking at the start of measure 8 and a *ff* marking at the start of measure 10. The fifth staff contains measures 11-13, with a *ff* marking at the start of measure 11 and a *mf* marking at the start of measure 12. The piece concludes with a double bar line and repeat signs.

Trio. *f*

The Trio section is written on four staves. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and a time signature of 6/8. The first staff contains the first measure, marked *f*. The second staff contains measures 2-4. The third staff contains measures 5-7. The fourth staff contains measures 8-10, with a *f* marking at the start of measure 8. The piece concludes with a double bar line and repeat signs.

Carl Fischer, New York.

D. C.

ALTO
SAXOPHONE.

SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

A. F. Weldon.

1805. 

ff *mf* *cresc.* *ff*

Trio. *ff* *f*

1 2

14402-6 1/2

Carl Fischer, New York.

D.C.

TENOR
SAXOPHONE.

SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

A. F. Weldon.

1805. 

Trio. 

Carl Fischer, New York.

D.C.

BARITONE
SAXOPHONE.

SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

A. F. Weldon.

1805. 

Trio. 

Carl Fischer, New York.

D. C.

E♭ CORNET.

SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

A.F. Weldon.

Am. St. J'l.

1805

The musical score is written for E♭ Cornet in 6/8 time. It consists of two main sections: a main body and a Trio. The main body is divided into two systems of three staves each. The first system starts with a *ff* dynamic, followed by *mf*, *ff*, *mf cres.*, and *ff*. The second system continues with *ff* and includes first and second endings. The Trio section, marked 'Trio', begins with a *ff* dynamic, followed by *f*, and concludes with first and second endings. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and repeat signs.

SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

1st B♭ CORNET.

A.F. Weldon.

1805.

The musical score is written for a 1st B♭ Cornet. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of two flats (B♭ and E♭), and a 6/8 time signature. The first staff contains the main melody, starting with a forte (*ff*) dynamic, followed by a mezzo-forte (*mf*) section, and then a crescendo (*cres.*) leading back to forte (*ff*). The melody is marked with first and second endings. The second staff continues the melody, also marked with *ff* and *mf* dynamics. The third staff shows the continuation of the melody, with first and second endings. The fourth staff is the start of the 'Trio' section, marked with a 'Trio' label and a forte (*ff*) dynamic. The fifth staff continues the Trio section with a forte (*f*) dynamic. The sixth staff continues the Trio section. The seventh staff continues the Trio section. The eighth staff is the final line of the score, marked with a forte (*f*) dynamic and ending with a double bar line and the initials 'D.C.' (Da Capo).

ff *mf* *cres.* *ff*

ff *f*

Trio

ff *f*

f D.C.

2d B $\flat$ CORNET.

SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

A.F. Weldon.

18 05

The musical score is written for a 2d B $\flat$ Cornet and a Trio. The key signature is one flat (B $\flat$) and the time signature is 6/8. The score consists of two main parts: the 2d B $\flat$ CORNET part and the Trio part. The 2d B $\flat$ CORNET part is written on a single staff and includes dynamic markings of *ff* (fortissimo), *mf* (mezzo-forte), and *cres.* (crescendo). The Trio part is written on a single staff and includes dynamic markings of *ff* and *f* (forte). The score is divided into two systems. The first system contains the first four staves of the 2d B $\flat$ CORNET part. The second system contains the first four staves of the Trio part. The score concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Carl Fischer, New York.

D.C.

SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

3d B $\flat$ CORNET.

A.F. Weldon.

1805.

ff *mf* *ff* *cres.* *ff*

1 *2* *ff* *1* *2*

Trio *ff* *f*

1 *2*

Carl Fischer, New York.

D.C.

SOLO E^b ALTO. SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

A.F. Weldon.

Am. St. J^l.
1805.

The musical score is written for a Solo E^b Alto and a Trio. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 6/8. The score is divided into two main sections: the Solo section and the Trio section.

Solo Section: The first staff begins with a *ff* (fortissimo) dynamic. The second staff has a *mf* (mezzo-forte) dynamic. The third staff has a *ff* dynamic. The fourth staff has a *mf cres.* (mezzo-forte crescendo) dynamic. The fifth staff has a *ff* dynamic. The sixth staff has a *f* (forte) dynamic. The seventh staff has a *f* dynamic. The eighth staff has a *f* dynamic. The ninth staff has a *f* dynamic. The tenth staff has a *f* dynamic. The eleventh staff has a *f* dynamic. The twelfth staff has a *f* dynamic. The thirteenth staff has a *f* dynamic. The fourteenth staff has a *f* dynamic. The fifteenth staff has a *f* dynamic. The sixteenth staff has a *f* dynamic. The seventeenth staff has a *f* dynamic. The eighteenth staff has a *f* dynamic. The nineteenth staff has a *f* dynamic. The twentieth staff has a *f* dynamic. The twenty-first staff has a *f* dynamic. The twenty-second staff has a *f* dynamic. The twenty-third staff has a *f* dynamic. The twenty-fourth staff has a *f* dynamic. The twenty-fifth staff has a *f* dynamic. The twenty-sixth staff has a *f* dynamic. The twenty-seventh staff has a *f* dynamic. The twenty-eighth staff has a *f* dynamic. The twenty-ninth staff has a *f* dynamic. The thirtieth staff has a *f* dynamic. The thirty-first staff has a *f* dynamic. The thirty-second staff has a *f* dynamic. The thirty-third staff has a *f* dynamic. The thirty-fourth staff has a *f* dynamic. The thirty-fifth staff has a *f* dynamic. The thirty-sixth staff has a *f* dynamic. The thirty-seventh staff has a *f* dynamic. The thirty-eighth staff has a *f* dynamic. The thirty-ninth staff has a *f* dynamic. The fortieth staff has a *f* dynamic. The forty-first staff has a *f* dynamic. The forty-second staff has a *f* dynamic. The forty-third staff has a *f* dynamic. The forty-fourth staff has a *f* dynamic. The forty-fifth staff has a *f* dynamic. The forty-sixth staff has a *f* dynamic. The forty-seventh staff has a *f* dynamic. The forty-eighth staff has a *f* dynamic. The forty-ninth staff has a *f* dynamic. The fiftieth staff has a *f* dynamic. The fifty-first staff has a *f* dynamic. The fifty-second staff has a *f* dynamic. The fifty-third staff has a *f* dynamic. The fifty-fourth staff has a *f* dynamic. The fifty-fifth staff has a *f* dynamic. The fifty-sixth staff has a *f* dynamic. The fifty-seventh staff has a *f* dynamic. The fifty-eighth staff has a *f* dynamic. The fifty-ninth staff has a *f* dynamic. The sixtieth staff has a *f* dynamic. The sixty-first staff has a *f* dynamic. The sixty-second staff has a *f* dynamic. The sixty-third staff has a *f* dynamic. The sixty-fourth staff has a *f* dynamic. The sixty-fifth staff has a *f* dynamic. The sixty-sixth staff has a *f* dynamic. The sixty-seventh staff has a *f* dynamic. The sixty-eighth staff has a *f* dynamic. The sixty-ninth staff has a *f* dynamic. The seventieth staff has a *f* dynamic. The seventy-first staff has a *f* dynamic. The seventy-second staff has a *f* dynamic. The seventy-third staff has a *f* dynamic. The seventy-fourth staff has a *f* dynamic. The seventy-fifth staff has a *f* dynamic. The seventy-sixth staff has a *f* dynamic. The seventy-seventh staff has a *f* dynamic. The seventy-eighth staff has a *f* dynamic. The seventy-ninth staff has a *f* dynamic. The eightieth staff has a *f* dynamic. The eighty-first staff has a *f* dynamic. The eighty-second staff has a *f* dynamic. The eighty-third staff has a *f* dynamic. The eighty-fourth staff has a *f* dynamic. The eighty-fifth staff has a *f* dynamic. The eighty-sixth staff has a *f* dynamic. The eighty-seventh staff has a *f* dynamic. The eighty-eighth staff has a *f* dynamic. The eighty-ninth staff has a *f* dynamic. The ninetieth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundredth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and first staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and second staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and third staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and fourth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and fifth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and sixth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and seventh staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and eighth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and ninth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and tenth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and eleventh staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and twelfth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and thirteenth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and fourteenth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and fifteenth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and sixteenth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and seventeenth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and eighteenth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and nineteenth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and twentieth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and twenty-first staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and twenty-second staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and twenty-third staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and twenty-fourth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and twenty-fifth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and twenty-sixth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and twenty-seventh staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and twenty-eighth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and twenty-ninth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and thirtieth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and thirty-first staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and thirty-second staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and thirty-third staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and thirty-fourth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and thirty-fifth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and thirty-sixth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and thirty-seventh staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and thirty-eighth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and thirty-ninth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and fortieth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and forty-first staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and forty-second staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and forty-third staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and forty-fourth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and forty-fifth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and forty-sixth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and forty-seventh staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and forty-eighth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and forty-ninth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and fiftieth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and fifty-first staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and fifty-second staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and fifty-third staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and fifty-fourth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and fifty-fifth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and fifty-sixth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and fifty-seventh staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and fifty-eighth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and fifty-ninth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and sixtieth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and sixty-first staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and sixty-second staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and sixty-third staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and sixty-fourth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and sixty-fifth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and sixty-sixth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and sixty-seventh staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and sixty-eighth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and sixty-ninth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and seventieth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and seventy-first staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and seventy-second staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and seventy-third staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and seventy-fourth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and seventy-fifth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and seventy-sixth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and seventy-seventh staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and seventy-eighth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and seventy-ninth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and eightieth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and eighty-first staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and eighty-second staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and eighty-third staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and eighty-fourth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and eighty-fifth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and eighty-sixth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and eighty-seventh staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and eighty-eighth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and eighty-ninth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and ninetieth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and ninety-first staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and ninety-second staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and ninety-third staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and ninety-fourth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and ninety-fifth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and ninety-sixth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and ninety-seventh staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and ninety-eighth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundred and ninety-ninth staff has a *f* dynamic. The hundredth staff has a *f* dynamic.

Carl Fischer, New York.

D.C.

SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

1st Eb ALTO.

A.F. Weldon.

1805.

ff *mf* *mf cres.* *ff* *ff* *f*

Trio

1 2 1 2

2d & 3d E^b ALTOS. SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

A.F. Weldon.

1805.

ff *mf* *ff* *mf cresc.*

Trio

ff *f*

Carl Fischer, New York.

D.C.

SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

1st & 2d TENORS.

A. F. Weldon.

1805.

The musical score is written for 1st and 2nd Tenors. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a 6/8 time signature. The first staff contains the main melody, starting with a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic and a *unis.* (unison) instruction. The second staff continues the melody with dynamics including *ff*, *mf*, *cres.* (crescendo), and *ff unis.* The third staff features a repeat sign and a *ff* dynamic. The fourth staff includes first and second endings, marked with '1' and '2'. The fifth staff is labeled 'Trio' and begins with a *ff* dynamic and a *unis.* instruction. The sixth staff continues the Trio section with a *f* (forte) dynamic. The seventh and eighth staves conclude the piece with first and second endings, marked with '1' and '2'. The score is signed 'D.C.' at the bottom right.

Carl Fischer, New York.

SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

A.F. Weldon.

1st & 2d TROMBONES.
Am. St. J'l.

1805.

The musical score is written for 1st and 2nd Trombones in bass clef with a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat) and a time signature of 6/8. The piece is divided into two main sections: a first section and a Trio section. The first section consists of four staves of music. It begins with a *ff* (fortissimo) dynamic, followed by a *mf* (mezzo-forte) section, and then returns to *ff*. The music features various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The Trio section consists of four staves of music, starting with a *ff* dynamic and a *unis.* (unison) instruction. The Trio section includes first and second endings, marked with '1' and '2' respectively. The score concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Carl Fischer, New York.

D.C.

SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

A.F. Weldon.

B $\flat$ BASS.

4805.

The image shows a musical score for two parts: Bass and Trio. The Bass part is written in B-flat major (two flats) and 6/8 time. It consists of four staves. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of two flats, and a 6/8 time signature. It starts with a forte (ff) dynamic and includes a first ending bracket. The second staff continues the melody with dynamics of ff, mf cres., and ff. The third staff features a double bar line and a second ending bracket. The fourth staff concludes the Bass part with first and second endings. The Trio part is written in the same key and time signature and consists of four staves. It begins with a treble clef and a forte (ff) dynamic. The melody is characterized by many beamed eighth notes. It also includes first and second endings. The score is marked with various dynamics including ff, mf, and f. The number 4805 is written at the beginning of the first staff.

ff *mf* *ff* *mf cres.* *ff* *ff* *f*

ff *f*

1 2 1 2

D.C.

Carl Fischer. New York.

SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

3d TROMBONE
or B $\flat$ BASS.

A. F. Weldon.

1805.

ff *mf* *ff* *mf* *cres.* *ff* *ff* *f*

Trio

1 2

SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

BARITONE 

A.F. Weldon.

1805. 

Trio 

Carl Fischer, New York. D.C.

BARITONE 2.

SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

A.F. Weldon.

1805.

The musical score is written for Baritone 2 and consists of two main parts: a solo section and a Trio section. The solo section is the first 12 staves of music, starting with a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat) and a 6/8 time signature. It features a variety of dynamic markings: *ff* (fortissimo) at the beginning, *mf* (mezzo-forte) in the middle, and *cres.* (crescendo) leading to another *ff* section. The Trio section begins on the 13th staff, marked 'Trio' on the left. It continues with a key signature change to one flat (B-flat) and a 6/8 time signature. This section includes *ff* and *f* (forte) dynamics. The score concludes with a double bar line and a 'D.C.' (Da Capo) instruction. First and second endings are indicated by '1' and '2' above the final staves.

Carl Fischer, New York.

D.C.

Dedicated to H.P. Seavey, Ordinance Sergt., 2d Regt., I.N.G.

BASSES.

SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

A.F. Weldon.

1805

The musical score is written for Basses and a Trio. The Basses part consists of five staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and a time signature of 6/8. The music is marked with dynamics *ff* and *mf*. The Trio part consists of four staves of music, beginning with a bass clef and the same key signature and time signature. The Trio part is marked with dynamics *ff* and *f*. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and repeat signs. The piece concludes with a double bar line and a final key signature change to one flat (B-flat).

ff *mf* *eres.* *ff* *ff* *f*

14402 - 61/2

Carl Fischer, New York.

D.C.

DRUMS.

SERGT. SEAVEY'S MARCH.

A.F. Weldon.

805.

The musical score is written for drums and a trio. The top section, labeled 'DRUMS.', consists of four staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 6/8 time signature. The music is written in a rhythmic style typical of a march, with various dynamic markings including *ff* (fortissimo), *mf* (mezzo-forte), and *cres* (crescendo). The second staff continues the drum part, also featuring *ff* and *mf* markings. The third and fourth staves show a more complex rhythmic pattern with first and second endings marked with '1' and '2'. The bottom section, labeled 'Trio', consists of four staves of music. The first staff of the Trio begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 6/8 time signature. The music is written in a rhythmic style typical of a march, with various dynamic markings including *ff* (fortissimo). The second staff of the Trio continues the music, also featuring *ff* markings. The third and fourth staves show a more complex rhythmic pattern with first and second endings marked with '1' and '2'.

Carl Fischer. New York.

D.C.